Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

U.S. Department of Labor

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Non-Mandatory Form) Form Approved OMB No. 1218-0072

IDENTITY	Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no
Kryptonar™ Primer	information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.

Section I

Manufacturer's Name	Emergency Telephone Number	
Nile Polymers	(801) 824-8175	
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code)	Telephone Number for Information	
569 North 400 East	(801) 824-8175	
	Date Prepared	
Centerville, UT	12/3/2015	
	Signature of Preparer (optional)	
84014		

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits Recommended	% (optional)
Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF)	N/A	N/A	N/A	50-90%
Epoxy	N/A	N/A	N/A	0-25%
Ti02	N/A	N/A	N/A	0-5%
Carbon Black	N/A	N/A	N/A	0-5%
Graphite	N/A	N/A	N/A	0-5%
Barium Sulfate	N/A	N/A	N/A	0-5%
Si02	N/A	N/A	N/A	0-5%

Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point		Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	
	N/A		1.7
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)		Melting Point	
	N/A		311°F - 320°F
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)		Evaporation rate	
	N/A	(Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A

Solubility in Water

Insoluble

Appearance and Odor

Odorless Tan Powder

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

N/A	A		N/A	N/A
Flash	h Point (Method Used)	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL

Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, carbon dioxide, foam or dry chemical.

Special Firefighting Procedures

Fire fighters exposed to combustion products should use full bunker gear and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur: oxides of carbon and hydrogen fluoride.

Section V - Reactivity Data Stability Unstable Conditions to Avoid Temperatures in excess of 600° F Stable Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) Contact with strong bases, esters and ketones may cause a low energy release. Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Decomposition byproducts include hydrogen fluoride and oxides of carbon Hazardous May Occur Conditions to Avoid Polymerization N/A Will Not Occur Section VI - Health Hazard Data Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? Skin? Ingestion? Yes Yes Yes Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) Avoid inhalation of the powder or any decomposition products. Avoid unnecessary exposure and remove material from eyes, skin, and clothing. NTP? IARC Monographs? OSHA Regulated? Carcinogenicity: N/A N/A N/A Signs and Symptoms of Exposure Exposure may cause eye, skin and/or respiratory tract irritation. Nausea, drowsiness, headache and/or weakness may be caused by prolonged exposure. Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure N/A Emergency and First Aid Procedure In case of contact, flush the area immediately with plenty of water. If swallowed, induce vomiting. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Contact physician. Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled Contain spill. Sweep or scoop up and remove to suitable container. If practical, reclaim, reuse or recycle. Waste Disposal Method Dispose of waste at a licensed facility in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal laws. Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage Store material in a cool dry area. Material should be stored in closed containers in a secure area. Other Precautions N/A**Section VIII - Control Measures** Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) Use NIOSH approved respirator. Ventilation Local Exhaust Special Use local, mechanical exhaust ventilation during processing. Mechanical (General) Other N/A N/A Protective Gloves Protective gloves are recommended Other Protective Clothing or Equipment None Work/Hygienic Practices Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.